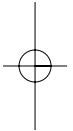
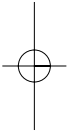
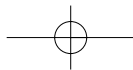


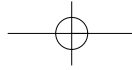
Repertory of Veterinary Homeopathy

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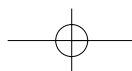
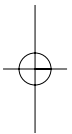
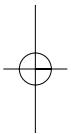
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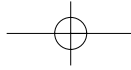




CONTENTS

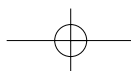
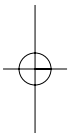
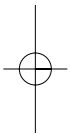
Preface	vii
Using this book	ix
About the author	xi
Chapter 1 EMERGENCY CARE	1
Chapter 2 PYREXIA OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN	11
Chapter 3 THE EARS	13
Chapter 4 THE EYES	21
Chapter 5 THE CARDIO-VASCULAR SYSTEM	49
Chapter 6 THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM	59
Chapter 7 THE ENDOCRINE SYSTEM	97
Chapter 8 THE MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM	107
Chapter 9 THE NERVOUS SYSTEM	121
Chapter 10 THE FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM	129





vi Repertory of Veterinary Homeopathy

Chapter 11 THE MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM	149
Chapter 12 THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	163
Chapter 13 THE SKIN	181
Chapter 14 THE URINARY SYSTEM	199
Index of remedies	209
Index to the repertory	213



3

THE EARS

When there is inflammation of, or discharges from, the ear remember to look for parasites and other foreign bodies. Remember that homeopathic remedies will not kill parasites, although they may make the environment inimical to them and help to prevent re-infestation. Appropriate conventional anti-parasiticides drops can be used to remove the infestation while proprietary cleansers or **Hypericum with Calendula lotion** can be used to flush the ears if needed.

Sore, inflamed or swollen pinnae (see Tables 3.1 and 3.2)

Rubrics can be found for:

- EARS: Cracks, fissures; and sub-rubrics for location.
- EARS: Eruptions; and sub-rubrics for location and type.
- EARS: Inflammation; external, outer.
- EARS: Odour offensive, behind; and from external edges.

Septic, discharging ears (see Tables 3.3–3.5)

Rubrics: The main rubrics are to be found in:

- EARS: Discharges; general; and its many sub rubrics.

The odour of the discharges is covered by:

- EARS; Discharges; general; offensive.

There are very many (well over 150) remedies that affect ear discharges. Again the ear should be examined and any foreign material removed or flushed. **Hypericum with Calendula lotion** can be used, diluted as above to support the more specific remedies.

TABLE 3.1 Sore, inflamed or swollen pinnae – remedies worse for cold

Pinnae	Bruised. Swollen. Haematoma	SCC in cats	Moist eczema on or behind pinna. Inflammation	Moist eczema. Offensive sticky discharges	Offensive eczema. Very itchy	Itchy. Moist eczema or vesicles	Itchy
Eruptions		Dry, scaly, white	Scurfy eruptions	Fissures behind ears	Raw oozing scabs		Scabby or vesicles
Modalities: worse	Damp cold. Least touch. Motion. Rest	Cold weather. Midnight to 2a.m. Rest. Exertion. Cold food and drink	Cold, raw air. Physical exertion. Teething. Milk	Cold, but warmth of bed egg. Night. Before and after seasons	Cold, open air. Changing, stormy weather. Warmth of bed. Rubbing	Cold, damp weather. Rest and sleep. Over-exertion	Cold weather. Touch. Rest
Modalities: better	Lying down	Warmth. Wet weather. Gentle motion	Dry weather. In the dark. Lying on the back. Rubbing, scratching	Eating. In open air. In the dark. Milk	Warmth. Pressure	Warm, dry weather. Gentle, continued motion	Open air. Motion
Thirst		A little and often		Milk amel.		Great thirst	
Food: desires	Cold water. Sour and acid foods	Milk. Warm drinks	Eggs. Ice cream. Sweets. Indigestible food		Inedible foods. Sweet	Milk	Apples. Salt
Food: aversions	Meat and milk	Fat	Meat and milk	Meat. Salt. Sweet	Pork. Vegetables		
Food: aggravations		Fruit	Meat and milk		Fruit. Dairy		
Mind	Restless. Oversensitive to pain. Fear of being approached or touched	Anxious. Restless. Neat, clean, tidy. Fear of being alone	Anxiety. Depression. Apathy. Obstnacy	Lethargy. Apathy. Sad. Irritable. Ailments from grief or fright	Anxiety. Ailments from emotional disturbances	Restlessness. Anxiety	Fear of touch in painful areas
REMEDY	Arnica montana	Arsenicum album	Calcarea carbonica	Graphites	Psorinum	Rhus toxicodendron	Tellurium metallicum

4

THE EYES

Eyelids

Rubrics exist in the EYE section of the Repertory for inflammation and swelling of the lids; eruptions and tumours on the lids; and paralysis of and twitching of the lids. In addition there are many rubrics concerned with eruptions, discharges etc. Where there is an accumulation of discharges, or obvious inflammation, bathing with a 10% Solution of **Euphrasia** Ticture can be used to support the main remedy.

Swollen and/or inflamed eyelids (see Table 4.1)

These are usually due to infections of the skin and glands of the lids themselves. It can also be due to an allergic reaction resulting in oedema of the lids.

Masses on the margins of the lids are dealt with later.

Warts, Styes and Other Masses on Lids (see Tables 4.2 and 4.3)

Rubrics include:

- EYES: Condylomata, warts and sub rubrics.
- EYES: Nodules, lids and sub-rubrics.
- EYES: Styes, and sub-rubrics.
- EYES: Tumours; lids. Sub-rubrics of this include cysts and nodules.

Cracked and fissured lids (see Tables 4.4 and 4.5)

Rubrics and sub-rubrics exist for:

- EYES: Cracks; canthi.
- EYES: Cracks; lids.

22 Repertory of Veterinary Homeopathy

If necessary look at:

Lachrymation and Eyes, Discharges.

Entropion, trichiasis and/or distichiasis (see Tables 4.6 and 4.7)

Entropion is the inturning of the eyelid which can cause the eyelashes to rub against the cornea and so inflame it.

The **rubric** is:

- EYES: Turning out of lids.

Distichiasis is the presence of a double row of lashes, one of which rubs against the cornea. If the condition is mild, simple plucking can keep things under control. If it is serious, corrective surgery is needed. Some remedies can help in mild cases, or make it possible to defer surgery until a young animal is fully grown. **Borax veneta** is the usual remedy tried, but the others listed can help if they are used constitutionally.

Ectropion

Rubrics: This is found as:

- EYES: Turning out of lids, ectropion.

If it is causing trouble, it is normally a surgical condition. **Staphysagria** and **Borax** are said to be helpful in very mild cases.

There is no Table for this condition because the differentiation between the two remedies is easy.

Outer Eyeball

For the purposes of this book, this includes the conjunctiva, the sclera and the cornea.

These structures appear in sub rubrics of Inflammation and Pain. There is also Swelling – conjunctiva.

Sore and inflamed eyes without corneal ulceration
(see Tables 4.8–4.10)

This includes 'conjunctivitis', 'scleritis' and 'keratitis'.

Remember: Look for the presence of any foreign body such as a grass seed; and to check (stain) for ulcers when necessary.

Corneal Ulceration (see Tables 4.11 and 4.12)

Rubrics are found under:

- Eye: Cornea: ulceration and its sub-rubrics.

Corneal opacities (see Table 4.13)

There is usually some form of 'cloudiness' associated with keratitis and corneal ulcerations. This is covered in those sections. This section covers spots, scars etc that are usually the result of past infections and trauma.

Rubrics: Suitable rubrics are found in the Eye Section under:

- EYES: Opacity; cornea and its sub-rubrics.
- EYES: Spots, specks; cornea.
- EYES: Spots, specks, scars; cornea.

Lachrymal glands and ducts (see Table 4.14 and 4.15)

The glands may malfunction and the cornea become too dry.

When the Ducts are blocked or absent, tear staining occurs at the inner canthus. Homeopathy cannot help when the ducts are absent, only when they are present.

Tear-staining may also result from an overproduction of tears. It can be differentiated from blocked ducts by staining with fluorescein. Absent ducts require surgery.

Rubrics can be found for swelling, inflammation and stricture of the lachrymal ducts in the Eye Section.

Rubrics also exist for *Fistula lachrymalis*.

'Dry Eye.' *Cornea not glistening* (see Table 4.16)

This is due to a malfunction of the lachrymal gland. Artificial tears help to prevent damage caused by the drying of the cornea. The listed remedies may help to prevent the need for surgery.

26 Repertory of Veterinary Homeopathy

TABLE 4.1 Swollen and/or inflamed eyelids

Temperature modality	Worse for cold				Worse for warmth	Worse for both cold and warmth	
	Painful inflammation and swelling of lids	Lids painful; oedematous; inflamed. Eyes red.	Eruptions and chronic inflammation of margins of lids. May be nodules	Lids painful and swollen		Lids red, inflamed. Pustules on lids and cornea. Photophobia	Lids red. Painful oedema. Photophobia
Modalities: worse	Cold. Touch. Jarring. Noise	Cold, damp weather. Rest and sleep. Over-exertion	Cold drinks	Cold. Damp. 3a.m. and 3p.m. After vaccination	Heat. Touch. Pressure. Afternoons	Mornings. Hot weather. Cold. Spring, early summer. 2–5a.m.	
Modalities: better	Riding in a car	Warm, dry weather. Gentle, continued motion	Warmth	Warmth. Wind. Fresh air	Cold bathing. Open air	Heat	
Thirst	High	Great for milk					
Food: desires	Salt. Fat. Indigestible	Milk	Milk and bread	Salt and sour	Milk	Acid	
Food: aversions	Sugar. Bread			Fresh meat and onions		Food generally	
Food: aggravations	Milk			Fats. Rich foods. Pork. Onions	Milk	Acid	
Mind	Irritable, vindictive or sad and despair	Restless. Anxious. Photophobia	Ignigation. Resentment		Restless. Busy. Jealous	Indolent	
REMEDY	Nitricum acidum	Rhus toxicodendron	Staphysagria	Thuja occidentalis	Apis mellifica	Kali bichromicum	